Using a Digital Multimeter



There are several reasons why these meters might not work.

- a. The battery may be dead
- b. The lead wires may be broken or intermittent
- c. The fuse may have been blown by a careless student
- d. The meter itself may be defective

Consequently the first order of business is to check that the meter is working properly.

- 1. If the meter has an on/off switch, turn it on.
- 2. Set the meter to a resistance scale and touch the two probe tips together. The meter should read 0 ohms or very close. If it does not, see the instructor. Repeat for each of the resistance scales.

- 3. Next use a 1.5 volt battery and a 9 volt battery to check two different voltage scales
- 4. Assuming the meter worked properly, you are to use the meter to find the following:
  - a. Cold Resistance of a 7.5 Watt bulb
  - b. Maximum DC output voltage of the variable power supply
  - c. Maximum AC output voltage of the variable power supply
  - d. Resistance of several carbon resistors

(A) Resistance	Colors	
(B) Resistance	Colors	
(C) Resistance	Colors	
(D) Resistance	Colors	

- (E) Resistance \_\_\_\_\_ Colors \_\_\_\_\_
- 5. At the end turn the on/off switch to off. If the meter does not have an on/off switch, then turn the round scale selector switch to the "off" position.